

Water New Zealand Conference & Expo

18 October 2022

Liz Brown, Te Rūnanga o Ngāi Tahu

Councillor Craig Pauling, Environment Canterbury







Te Kete Ika a Rākaihautū / Te Waihora









Te Waihora Taonga on our Doorstep

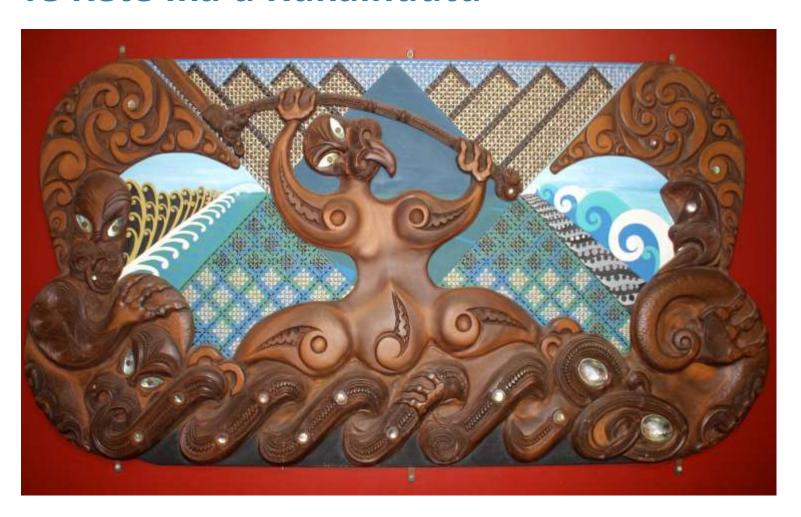
- **Culturally significant** to Ngāi Tahu as a tribal taonga and a major mahinga kai
- Nationally ecologically significant for its aquatic and wetland ecosystems, over 40,000 birds, range of habitats, rare and endemic species
- Internationally ecologically significant, large habitat on the East Asian – Australasian Flyway
- Economically significant fisheries







Te Kete Ika a Rākaihautū







"Ko Taku Kāika Ko Orariki"



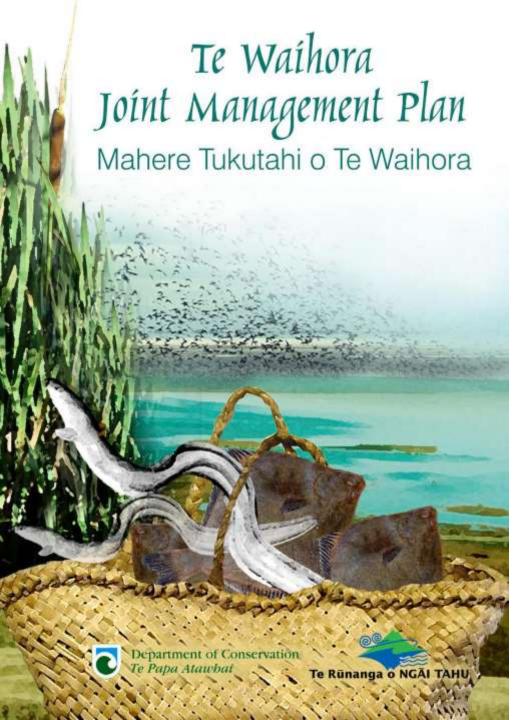




A loss of control

- European settlement from 1830s
- Kemp's Purchase **1848**
- 1865 drainage works start for agricultural development, dire impacts on water quality and mahinga kai
- Ngāi Tahu petitions start in regard to drainage and loss of mahinga kai
- The full story: tewaihora.org/about-the-lake/history







Picking up the pieces

- Ngāi Tahu Land Report, Wai 27 (Waitangi Tribunal, 1991)
- Ngāi Tahu Claims Settlement Act 1998 lake bed agreement
- Te Waihora Joint Management Plan between Te Rūnanga o Ngāi Tahu and the Department of Conservation (2005) for enhancement and protection of Te Waihora, includes policies for addressing water quality issues





Collaboration via a co-ordinated approach

- Tuia relationship agreement
- Joint commitment to restore mauri and ecosystem health of Te Waihora







Key Dates

- 2011 Relationship initiated, interim co-governance agreements
- 2012 Co-governance agreement signed
- 2014 Selwyn District Council joins
- 2016 Christchurch City Council joins
- 2019 Department of Conservation joins









Whakaora Te Waihora programme



- Operational programme to restore Te Waihora
- Multiple projects funded and/or delivered by the programme
- In partnership with others



Whakaora Te Waihora aims

- Accelerate restoration of ecosystem health
- Restore and enhance cultural sites, mahinga kai
- Protect and restore wetland and riparian habitats, indigenous vegetation, wildlife
- Improve lake and catchment management practices
- Establish robust monitoring, investigations programme









Whakaora Te Waihora Phase 1 (2012-2017)

- Funded by MfE Fresh Start for Freshwater, Environment
 Canterbury and Te Rūnanga o Ngāi Tahu
- Purpose to establish the programme and initiate works towards achieving the aims





Whakaora Te Waihora Phase 1 Achievements

Legend Biodiversity = Planting = Te Repo Orariki (Taumutu Wetlands) = Willow and weed control = Possum monitoring and control = Wave barrier and artificial islands = Planted macrophytes = In-lake nutrient processing research/ upgraded nutrient model for the lake = Fisheries management research = Investigation into lake opening options = Investigation into nutrient attenuation = Water sampling sites = Automated water monitoring system = Fish habitat survey of the Halswell/Huritini River and Ahuriri = Canterbury mudfish habitat survey Extension A = Kids Discovery Plant-out site △ = Farm Environmental Plan ▲ = Farm Environmental Plan workshops = Phosphorus and Sediment Field-Day △ = Support for COMAR monitoring and analysis ▲ = Draft Kaituna Catchment Management Strategy Support for Hart's Creek video = Streamwalk Cultural = Cultural monitoring of mahinga kai = Investigations into mahinga kai biohealth Engineering = Re-battering of waterway = Works on river banks to reduce erosion = Investigation into the sediment sources in the Halswell/Huritini River Designs for two riffles on the Halswell/Huritini River







Kids Discovery Plant-Out

- Delivered by Te Ara Kākāriki and Enviroschools
- Planting days with local schools to learn about water, ecology, and Ngāi Tahu cultural values









Regulatory intervention

- Selwyn Te Waihora Water Plan
- Developed by the local water zone committee with mana whenua representation
- Strict nitrogen leaching rules further reductions coming soon
- Cultural Landscape Values Management Area a unique set of rules to protect Te Waihora





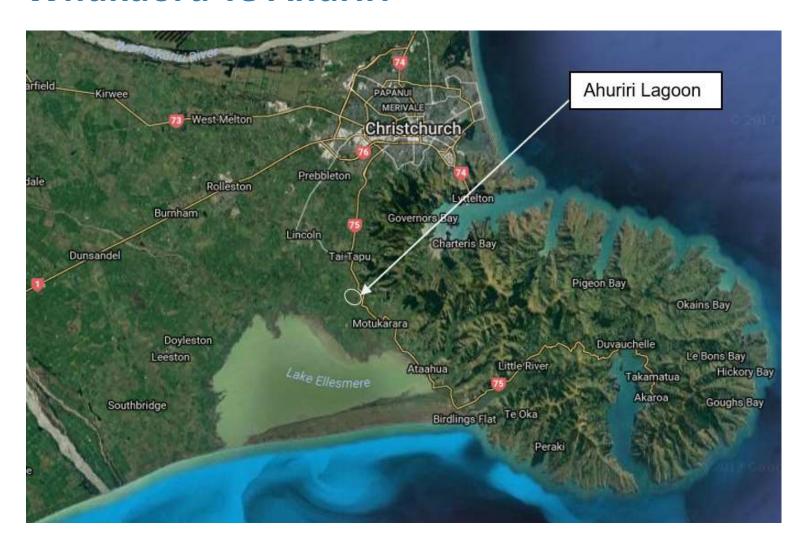
Whakaora Te Waihora Phase 2 (2017-2027)

- Build on previous achievements,
 work towards the vision
- DOC projects eg Weed Strikeforce





Whakaora Te Ahuriri







Ahuriri Lagoon

- Once a significant mahinga kai
- Wetlands drained for farming 19th century
- Environment Canterbury endowment land
- Strong desire from the community to restore the site
- Mana whenua driven, community supported, Council facilitated, Crown funded







Whakaora Te Ahuriri objectives



Develop a constructed wetland to improve:

- Water quality
- Mahinga kai values
- Biodiversity values

...and deliver to best practice standards





Whakaora Te Ahuriri

- Mātauranga Māori monitoring programme
- Water quality monitoring









Whakaora Te Waikekewai

- Partnership led by Te Taumutu Rūnanga,
 co-managed with Environment Canterbury
- Restoration of Te Waikēkēwai, a culturally significant waterway
- Phase 1: Wetland restoration (Te Repo Orariki), riparian planting
- Phase 2: \$4.16m FIF and Environment Canterbury funded project to restore the rest of the stream



Community collaboration

- Whakakōhanga Kōrero is a forum of the various organisations delivering projects to restore Te Waihora
- Purpose to work together in order to be more strategic and effective in this restoration work







Imagine ... The Future

There is much more to do (we need a lot more wetland areas restored) ...

... and we must be innovative, tapping into new funding sources (private as well as public)

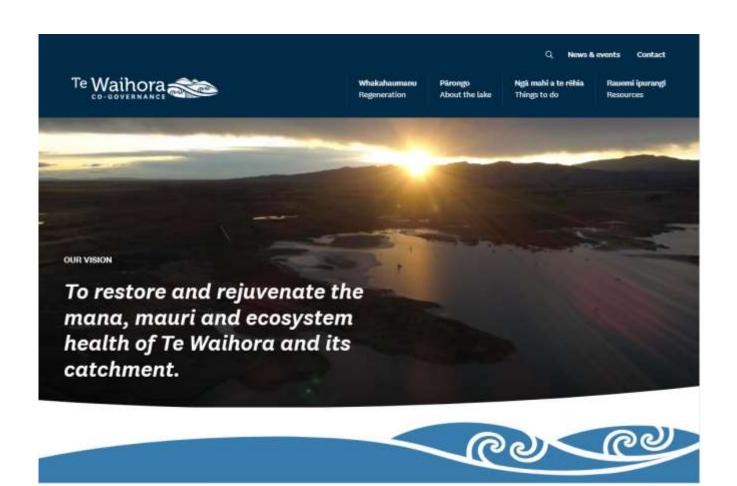
We have a vision and a long-term strategy ...

... involving several flagship projects

Phosphorus recovery and a wetland / mahinga kai park are key Potential for economic benefit, climate change action (blue carbon)







A new dawn

Patai/questions?

Visit our new website at www.tewaihora.org





Mō tātou, ā, mō kā uri ā muri ake nei For us and our children after us.